Microorganisms



666b: METHANOMICROBIUM MOBILE MEDIUM

Final pH: 6.8

Final volume: 1000 ml

Clarified rumen fluid	400.00	ml
K ₂ HPO ₄	0.23	g
KH ₂ PO ₄	0.23	g
NaCl	0.45	g
$(NH_4)_2SO_4$	0.45	g
$CaCl_2 \times 2 H_2O$	0.06	g
$MgSO_4 \times 7 H_2O$	0.09	g
Indigocarmine	5.00	mg
NaHCO ₃	6.40	g
Yeast extract	5.00	g
L-Cysteine HCl x H ₂ O	0.30	g
$Na_2S \times 9 H_2O$	0.30	g
Distilled water	600.00	ml

- 1. Dissolve ingredients (except bicarbonate, cysteine, and sulfide), bring the medium to a boil, then cool to room temperature under $80\%~H_2$ and $20\%~CO_2$ gas atmosphere. Add the bicarbonate and equilibrate the medium to pH 6.8. Distribute under the same gas atmosphere into anoxic Hungate-type tubes or serum vials to 30% of their volume and autoclave. After that, add cysteine and sulfide from sterile anoxic stock solutions prepared under a $100\%~N_2$ gas atmosphere. Adjust the pH of the complete medium to 6.7 6.8, if necessary.
- 2. After inoculation add sterile 80% H_2 and 20% CO_2 gas mixture to 2 bar of overpressure.

Clarified rumen fluid (from medium 1310)

Rumen fluid from cow or sheep (obtained from fistulated animals or abattoir refuse) is filtered through muslin, autoclaved at 121° C for 15 min and then centrifuged at 27,000 g for 20 min. The supernatant is made anoxic by sparging with 100% N₂ gas for 15 min, dispensed under same gas atmosphere into anoxic serum vials to 30% of volume and then stored frozen at -20°C.